

## **World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations**

Extract for Category 4 Monohulls

### JANUARY 2024 – DECEMBER 2025

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#### Version 1.13 – 16 February 2024

## With Sail Canada Prescriptions

### Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

The inspection card is attached as <u>Appendix F</u> below.

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https://www.sailing.org/inside-world-sailing/rules-regulations/offshore-special-regulations/

#### Language & Abbreviations Used

- Mo Monohulls
- Mu Multihulls
- \*\* means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

### RED TYPE indicates a significant change in 2024.

DOUBLE UNDERLINE TYPE indicates a term defined in Offshore Special Regulation 1.03.1.

ITALIC TYPE indicates a term defined in the Racing Rules of Sailing.

Other than in headings or in offshore special regulation 1.02.1, **BOLD BLACK TYPE indicates a term defined in the Equipment Rules of Sailing.** 

BOLD BLUE TYPE indicates a Sail Canada prescription.

### BOLD Green TYPE indicates a {state your race here} prescription.

*Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on* <u>https://www.sailing.org/inside-world-sailing/rules-regulations/offshore-special-regulations/</u>

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender.

### Administration

The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference (available at: <u>https://www.sailing.org/inside-world-sailing/rules-regulations/constitution-regulations/</u>) are as follows:

World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee shall:

- (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale.
- (b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please email: technical@sailing.org

For any queries regarding Sail Canada prescriptions please email: offshore@sailing.ca

## **SECTION 1 – FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS**

Categories	1.01	Purpose and	
**	1.01.1		f the Offshore Special Regulations ( <u>OSR</u> ) is to establish uniform minimum commodation and training standards for <b>monohull</b> and <b>multihull</b>
		(excluding proa	a [asymmetrical catamaran]) boats racing offshore.
**	1.01.2	The OSR do no	t replace, but supplement, the requirements of governmental authority,
		Classification S	ociety certification, the Racing Rules of Sailing ( <u>RRS</u> ), Equipment Rules of
			class rules and rating systems.
< <b>*</b>	1.01.3		does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew. Particular
			when to the description of <u>OSR</u> for inshore racing which includes that
		•	er and or effective rescue is available all along the course. This is not
	1.02		re onerous <u>OSR</u> categories. <b>y of Person in Charge</b>
**	1.02.1	-	the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a race or
	1.02.1		ng is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and
			responsibility of the <i>person in charge</i> who shall do his best to
		•	he boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an
		experienced a	and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face all
		weather. The	<i>person in charge</i> shall also assign a person to take over his
		-	es in the event of his incapacitation.
k*	<u>1.02.2</u>		ablishment of the <u>OSR</u> , nor their use by <i>organising authorities</i> , nor the
		•	boat under the <u>OSR</u> in any way limits or reduces the complete and
		•	ponsibility of the <i>person in charge</i> .
k *k	1 0 2 2		
**	1.02.3		
**	1.02.3	and boat owne	r agrees to reasonably cooperate with the organising authority and World
**		and boat owne Sailing in the d	r agrees to reasonably cooperate with the <i>organising authority</i> and World evelopment of an independent incident report as specified in <u>OSR</u> 2.02.
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## SECTION 1 – FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS

## Categories

GPS	Global Positioning System		
Hatch	The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or cover as part of that assembly		
HMPE	High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema <sup>®</sup> /Spectra <sup>®</sup> or equivalent)		
IBRD	International Beacon Registration Database		
IMO	International Maritime Organization		
ISAF	International Sailing Federation – (now World Sailing)		
ISO	International Standard Organization or International Organization for Standardization		
Jackstay	A <u>securely fastened</u> webbing or rope which permits a <u>crewmember</u> to move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a safety harness <u>tether</u>		
LH	Hull Length as defined by the ERS		
Lifeline	Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail/guardline around the deck		
LSA	IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code		
Lwl	(Length of) loaded waterline		
Moveable Ballast	Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely but not varied in weight while a boat is racing		
ORC	Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council)		
OSR	Offshore Special Regulation(s)		
Permanently Installed	The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc. and may not be removed for or during racing		
PLB	Personal Locator Beacon		
Rode	Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an anchor to the boat		
RRS	World Sailing – Racing Rules of Sailing		
Securely Fastened	Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing nuts) which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and replaced during racing		
SOLAS	Safety of Life at Sea Convention		
STCW	Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers		
SSS	The Safety and Stability Screening numeral		
STIX	ISO 12217-2 Stability Index		
Tether	A safety line used to connect a safety harness to a strong point or <u>Jackstay</u>		
Variable Ballast	Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is racing.		
	formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF		

1.03.2 The words "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are permissive.

# SECTION 2 – APPLICATION & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Categories	2.01	Categories of Events
**		Organising authorities shall select from one of the following categories and may modify the
		OSR to suit local conditions.
	2.01.2	Category 1
MoMu1		Races of long distance and well offshore, where boats must be completely self-sufficient for
		extended periods of time, capable of withstanding heavy storms and prepared to meet
		serious emergencies without the expectation of outside assistance.
	2.02	Incident Reporting
**		The <i>organising authority</i> of a race will establish whether any incidents occurred, which if reported would likely be relevant to evolving the Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety. The <i>organising authority</i> will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing concerning incident reporting.
	2.03	Inspection
**		A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the <u>OSR</u> her entry may be
		rejected, or she will be subject to protest.
	2.04	General Requirements
**	2.04.1	All equipment required by <u>OSR</u> shall:
**		a) function properly,
**		b) be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced,
**		c) if it has an expiry date, it will not have exceeded its expiry date whilst racing,
**		d) when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised,
**		e) be readily accessible, and
**		f) be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and size of the boat.
**	<u>2.04.2</u>	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened.

	_	
Categories		A boat shall be/have:
	3.01	Strength of Build and Rig
**	3.01.1	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the <u>OSR.</u>
**	3.01.2	Equipped with <b>shrouds</b> and at least one <b>forestay</b> that shall remain connected to the mast
. de ale		and the boat while racing (not applicable to boats with free-standing masts).
**	3.01.3	The <b>forestay</b> referenced above shall be sized and connected in a way that ensures it is
		capable of withstanding the full sailing loads independent of any headsail luff load capacity.
**	<u>3.02</u>	Watertight and Structural Integrity of a Boat
ጥጥ	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately secured.
		<b>centreboard</b> or <b>daggerboard</b> trunks and the like shall not open into the interior of a hull
	2.06	except via a watertight maintenance <u>hatch</u> with the opening entirely above the <b>waterline</b> . <b>Exits – Monohulls</b>
Mo0 1 2 3 4	<u>3.06</u> 3.06.1	If the <b>series date</b> is after 1994 and $\underline{L}_{\mathbb{H}}$ is 8.5 m (28') and greater, a boat shall have at
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.00.1	least two exits. One exit shall be located forward of the foremost mast except where
		structural features prevent its installation.
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.2	If <u>first launched</u> after 2013, the minimum clear <u>hatch</u> openings shall be:
Mo0,1,2,3,4	5.00.2	a) a circular hatch with diameter 450 mm (18"), or
Mo0,1,2,3,4		b) any other shape with minimum dimension of 380 mm (15") and minimum area of
1100/1/2/0/1		$0.18 \text{ m}^2$ (1.9 ft <sup>2</sup> ) (see figure 1).
Mo0,1,2,3,4		
///-/		380
		$ (+)  / (+) \langle (+) \rangle ((+) \rangle (+)$
		Figure 1 – Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening
	3.08	Hatches & Companionways
**	3.08.1	Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the interior of
		the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an area of less than
		0.071 m <sup>2</sup> (110 in <sup>2</sup> ).
**	<u>3.08.2</u>	A <u>hatch</u> , including a <u>hatch</u> over a locker shall be:
**		a) permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and remaining
		firmly shut in a 180° capsize,
Mo0,1,2,3,4		b) above the water when the boat is heeled 90°.
Mo0,1,2,3,4		A boat may have a maximum of two <u>hatches</u> on each side of centerline that do not
		conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less than 0.071 m <sup>2</sup>
		(110 in <sup>2</sup> ).
**	<u>3.08.3</u>	Hatches not conforming with OSR 3.08.1 and OSR 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used
		in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA".
**	<u>3.08.4</u>	Companionway <u>hatches</u> :
**		a) fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the exterior
		and interior even when the boat is inverted,
**		b) blocking devices:
**		i capable of being retained in position with the <u>hatch</u> open or shut,
**		ii secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race, and
**		iii permit exit in the event of inversion.
Mo0,1,2,3,4	<u>3.08.5</u>	If a <b>monohull</b> with cockpit(s) that is/are not <u>contained cockpit(s)</u> a boat shall have:
Mo0,1,2,3,4		a) a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline, or
Mo0,1,2,3,4		b) a companionway in full compliance with <u>ISO</u> 11812 category A.

Categories		A boat shall be/have:			
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.6	If a <b>monohull</b> with <u>contained cockpit(s)</u> where the companionway extends below the local			
		sheerline, a boat shall have panels capable of blocking the companionway up to the level of			
		the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.			
	<u>3.09</u>	Cockpits			
	3.09.1	General			
**		a) cockpits shall self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are permanently			
		incorporated as an integral part of the boat,			
**		b) a cockpit sole shall be at least $2\% \underline{L}_{WL}$ above the <b>waterline</b> (or in IMS boats with <u>first</u>			
		launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the <b>waterline</b> ), and			
**		c) a bow, lateral, central, or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of <u>OSR</u> 3.09.			
	3.09.2	Cockpit Volume			
**		The maximum combined volume below lowest <u>coamings</u> of all <u>contained cockpits</u> shall be:			
MoMu2,3,4		b) <b>series date</b> before April 1992: 9% ( <u>LwL</u> x maximum beam x freeboard abreast the			
**		<ul><li>cockpit),</li><li>c) series date after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except that</li></ul>			
		"lowest <u>coamings</u> " shall not include any aft of the FA station (the transverse station at			
		which the upper corner of the transom meets the sheerline) and no extension of a			
		cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation of cockpit volume.			
	3.09.3				
**	0.00010	Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for screens if			
		fitted) shall be at least that of:			
**		a) if less than 8.5 m (28') $L_{\rm H}$ : 2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent,			
**		b) if 8.5 m (28') $\underline{L}_{H}$ or greater: 4 x 20 mm (3/4") diameter or equivalent.			
	<u>3.10</u>	Sea Cocks or Valves			
**		Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below the			
		waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls.			
	3.11	Sheet Winches			
**		Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be substantially			
		below deck.			
	<u>3.12</u>	Mast Step			
**		The heel of a keel stepped mast <u>securely fastened</u> to the mast step or adjoining structure.			
	<u>3.14</u>	Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines			
	3.14.1	General			
**		The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of <u>lifelines</u> and pulpits as follows:			
**		a) continuous <u>lifelines</u> fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However, a gate on			
		each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the movement			
		of a <u>lifeline</u> in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained. Temporary sleeving			
**		shall not modify tension in the <u>lifeline</u> ,			
		<ul> <li>b) minimum heights of <u>lifelines</u> and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical openings:</li> </ul>			
**		i upper: 600 mm (24"),			
**		ii intermediate: 230 mm (9"),			
**		iii vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a			
		series date before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22"),			
MoMu3,4		iv a boat less than 8.5 m (28') $L_{\rm H}$ may use a single lifeline system with a height			
		between 450 mm (18") and 560 mm (22").			
**		c) <u>lifelines</u> permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2") and			
		not passing outboard of supporting stanchions,			
**		d) pulpit and stanchion bases <u>permanently installed</u> with pulpits and stanchions			
		mechanically retained in their bases,			

Categories		A bo	at shall be/have:
**		e)	if a boat's first launch date is after 2024, the outside of pulpit and stanchion base tubes no further inboard from the perimeter of the deck than 5% of <b>boat beam</b> or 150 mm (6"), whichever is greater, nor further outboard than the perimeter of the deck, where the perimeter of the deck is defined as the hull and deck intersection at an angle of not more than 15 degrees to the horizontal in a transverse plane when the yacht is upright,
** ** **		f)	<ul> <li>stanchions straight and vertical except that:</li> <li>i within the first 50 mm (2") from the deck, stanchions shall not be displaced horizontally from the point at which they emerge from the deck or stanchion base by more than 10 mm (3/8"),</li> <li>ii stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above</li> </ul>
**		g)	50 mm (2") from the deck. a bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14"),
			Ø360 mm
		Fiau	ıre 2 – Diagram Showing Pulpit Opening
**		h)	<u>lifelines</u> may terminate at or pass through adequately braced stanchions set inside and overlapping the bow pulpit,
**		i)	when a deflecting force of 4 kg (8.8 #) is applied to a <u>lifeline</u> at the mid-point of the longest span between supports that are aft of the mast, the deflection shall not exceed:
**			i 50 mm (2") for an upper or single <u>lifeline</u> ,
**			ii 120 mm (4 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ") for an intermediate <u>lifeline.</u>
	3.14.3		line Specifications
Mo4Mu**		b)	lifelines of either:
Mo4Mu**			i stranded stainless steel wire, or
Mo4Mu**			ii <u>HMPE</u> ,
**		c)	The minimum diameter is specified in table 4 below,
**		d)	Stainless steel <u>lifelines</u> shall be uncoated and used without close-fitting sleeving, however, temporary sleeving may be fitted provided it is regularly removed for inspection,
**		e)	A lanyard of synthetic rope may be used to secure <u>lifelines</u> provided the gap it closes does not exceed 100 mm (4"). This lanyard shall be replaced annually,
**		f)	All components of the <u>lifeline</u> enclosure system shall have a breaking strength no less than the <u>lifeline</u> ,
Mo4Mu**		g)	When <u>HMPE</u> is used, it shall be protected from chafe and spliced in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.

Categories		A boat shall be/	'have:					
**		Table 4 – Life	line Diameter R	equirements				
		<u>Lн</u>	Wire Min. <u>lifeline</u> diameter	HMPE rope (Single braid) min. <u>lifeline</u> diameter	HMPE Core (Braid on braid) min. lifeline outside diameter			
		under 8.5 m (28')	3 mm (1/8″)	4 mm (5/32")	6 mm (1/4″)			
		8.5m – 13 m	4 mm (5/32")	5 mm (3/16″)	7 mm (9/32″)			
		over 13 m (42' 8")	5 mm (3/16")	5 mm (3/16")	7 mm (9/32″)			
**	3.16	Spare						
	3.18	Toilet						
MoMu3,4	<u>3.18.2</u>		<u>stalled</u> toilet or fit	ted bucket.				
	3.19	Bunks						
MoMu1,2,3,4	<u>3.19.1</u>	Permanently ins	stalled bunks.					
**	<u>3.22</u>	Hand Holds						
**		•	holds fitted below	V deck.				
**	3.23	Bilge Pumps a		the slow word and of stilles				
	<u>3.23.1</u>	, .		ith a lanyard and of at leas	t 9 L (2.4 US Gal) capacity,			
Mo4 **	2 2 2 2	•	al bilge pump,	l hilgo numno chall ho ono	rable with all cockpit coate			
	<u>3.23.2</u>	• •	mpanionways shu		rable with all cockpit seats, <u>stalled</u> discharge pipe(s) of			
**	3.23.3	Bilge pumps sha		ed to cockpit drains and sl	nall not discharge into a			
**	3.23.4	Bilge pumps sh	all be readily acce	ssible for maintenance and	l for clearing out debris.			
**	3.23.5		•	s retained by a lanyard.	J			
	<u>3.24</u>	Compass						
**				e magnetic steering compa vith deviation card,	ass, independent of any power			
	<u>3.25</u>	Halyards						
**	3.25.1	A minimum of t	wo halyards, each	n capable of hoisting a sail,	, on each mast.			
	3.27	Navigation Lig	ghts					
**	<u>3.27.1</u>			l Regulations for Preventin exhibited as required by the	g Collisions at Sea (Part C and ose regulations.			
**	3.27.2	boat.			ed by sails or the heeling of the			
**	<u>3.27.4</u>							
	3.28	Engines, Gene	-					
	3.28.1	•	-					
**		guidelines	and suitable for t	he size and intended use o				
**		•	-	-	<u>ly installed</u> exhaust, cooling ate heavy weather protection,			
**			ower supply, adeo	, when fitted, shall be prov quate heavy weather prote				
	3.28.2	Generator						
**			enerator separate vith the manufact		e is carried, it shall be installed			

SECTION 3 – STRUCTURAL FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT				
Categories		A boat shall be/have:		
	<u>3.28.4</u>	Battery Systems		
**		a) batteries installed after 2011 shall be of the sealed type from which liquid electrolyte cannot escape,		
**		b) At the start a boat with an electric engine shall carry sufficient capacity to meet electrical requirements for the duration of the race and to motor at the above minimum speed for at least 5 hours.		
	3.29	Communications Equipment, GPS, Radar, AIS		
Mo4	<u>3.29.2</u>	A hand-held marine VHF transceiver, watertight or with a waterproof cover.		
**	<u>3.29.4</u>	A second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in <u>OSR</u> 3.29.1 above, capable of receiving weather bulletins.		

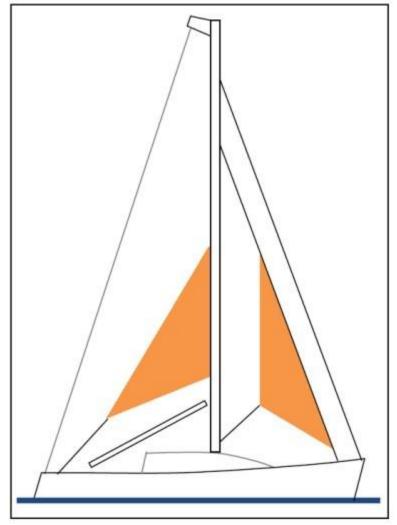
# SECTION 4 – PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

Categories		A boat shall have:
	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	<u>4.01.1</u>	Identification on sails which complies with <u>RRS</u> 77 and <u>RRS</u> Appendix G.
	<u>4.03</u>	Soft Wood Plugs
**		A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening.
	4.05	Fire Fighting Equipment
**	<u>4.05.1</u>	A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device.
MoMu4	<u>4.05.3</u>	2 fire extinguishers in different parts of the boat.
	4.06	Anchors
MoMu4	<u>4.06.2</u>	1 un-modified anchor that meets the anchor manufacturer's recommendation based on the
		boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope, ready for immediate
		assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes.
	<u>4.08</u>	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit
**		A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit shall
		reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of <u>crewmembers</u> .
ale ale	<u>4.09</u>	Foghorn
**		A foghorn.
**	4.10	Radar Reflector
**	<u>4.10.1</u>	A passive radar reflector with: a = a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a +
**		<ul> <li>a) octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"),</li> <li>b) octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or</li> </ul>
**		<ul> <li>b) octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or</li> <li>c) a non-octahedral reflector with a documented root mean square minimum Radar</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>c) a non-octahedral reflector with a documented root mean square minimum Radar</li> <li>Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m<sup>2</sup> (22 ft<sup>2</sup>) from 0–360° of azimuth and ±20° of heel.</li> </ul>
	4.11	Navigation Equipment
MoMu4	4.11.2	Navigational charts light list, and chart plotting equipment. If electronic-only, an
	111112	independent alternative shall be on board.
	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart
**		A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly displayed in
		the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal items of safety equipment.
	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments
MoMu1,2,3,4	4.13.2	A depth sounder.
	4.14	Spare Number
	4.16	Tools and Spare Parts
**	<u>4.16.1</u>	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration and nature of the passage.
**	4.16.2	An effective means to quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the boat.
	<u>4.17</u>	Boat's Name
**		The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equipment, such as lifejackets, cushions,
		lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags, etc.
	<u>4.18</u>	Retro-Reflective Material
**		Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebuoys, recovery slings, liferafts and lifejackets.
	4.22	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery
	<u>4.22.3</u>	•
MoMu3,4		a) a lifebuoy with a self-igniting light, a whistle, and a drogue within reach of the
**		helmsman and ready for immediate use,
**		e) each inflatable lifebuoy and any automatic device shall be tested and serviced at
	1 22 4	intervals in accordance with its manufacturer's instructions.
**	4.22.4	<b>Heaving Line</b> A heaving line, no less than 6 mm (1/4") diameter, 15–25 m (50–75') long, readily
		accessible to cockpit.

#### SECTION 4 – PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

Categories		A boat shall have:
	4.23	Pyrotechnic and Light Signals
**		Pyrotechnic signals shall be provided conforming to <u>LSA</u> Code Chapter III Visual Signals
		and not older than the stamped expiry date (if any) or if no expiry date stamped, not older than 4 years:
**		,
		a) 2 orange smoke <u>LSA</u> III 3.3,
	4.24	Spare Number
	<u>4.25</u>	Cockpit Knife
**		A strong, sharp knife, in a securely restrained sheath shall be readily accessible from the
		deck or a cockpit.
	4.26	Storm & Heavy Weather Sail Inventory
**		the following storm & heavy weather sails as specified in OSR 4.27:
MoMu4	<u>4.26.1</u>	either mainsail reefing to reduce the luff by 12.5% or a heavy weather jib (or rotating wing
		mast if suitable or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay).
	4.27	Storm & Heavy Weather Sail Specifications

Where required by <u>OSR</u> 4.26, the specifications of heavy weather sails shall follow:



#### Figure 3 – Storm Sails

#### 4.27.1 Design

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- a) the material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a highly visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow),
- b) aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib, but <u>HMPE</u> and similar materials are permitted,

## SECTION 4 – PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

Catagorias	
Categories	A boat shall have:
**	c) sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail,
**	d) sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom, and
**	e) the maximum area of storm and heavy weather sails shall be lesser of the areas
	below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker.
	4.27.3 A Heavy Weather Jib (or Heavy Weather Sail in a Boat with no Forestay) with:
**	a) area, in unreefed condition, of 13.5% height of the <b>foretriangle</b> squared, and
**	b) readily available method, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay.
**	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as: $(0.255 \times 1000 \text{ km})$ length x (luff perpendicular + 2 x half width)).

# **SECTION 5 – PERSONAL EQUIPMENT**

Categories		Each <u>crewmember</u> shall have:
-	<u>5.01</u>	Lifejacket
**	<u>5.01.1</u>	A lifejacket which shall:
**		a) i if manufactured before 2012 comply with <u>ISO</u> 12402-3 (Level 150) or equivalent,
		including <u>EN</u> 396 or UL 1180 and:
**		<ul> <li>if inflatable have a gas inflation system</li> </ul>
**		<ul> <li>have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system)</li> </ul>
**		ii if manufactured after 2011 comply with <u>ISO</u> 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted
		with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation
		system:
**		<ul> <li>crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system)</li> </ul>
**		or
**		iii if manufactured after 2011 comply with UL 1180 and be fitted with a
		whistle, reflective material and:
**		<ul> <li>crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system)</li> </ul>
**		<ul> <li>an integral safety harness in compliance with OSR 5.02</li> </ul>
**		Sail Canada note - ISO 12402 is not currently approved by Transport Canada.
**		<ul> <li>be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name,</li> </ul>
**		f) if inflatable, be regularly checked for air retention.
**	<u>5.01.4</u>	The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once annually.

## **SECTION 6 – TRAINING**

Categories	<u>6.04</u>	Routine Training On-Board
**		At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for:
**		a) crew-overboard recovery, and
**		b) abandonment of vessel.
	6.05	Medical Training
MoMu3,4	<u>6.05.3</u>	At least two crewmembers shall be familiar with First Aid procedures, hypothermia, drowning, cardio-pulmonary resuscitation, and relevant communications systems.

## LIST OF APPENDICES

The appendices, other than appendix F, listed below are included in the "Complete" version of the current World Sailing OSR available at <u>https://www.sailing.org/inside-world-sailing/rules-regulations/offshore-special-regulations/</u>

Appendix F begins on the next page.

APPENDICES TO THE OFFSHORE SPECIAL REGULATIONS APPENDIX A – Moveable and Variable Ballast APPENDIX B – For Inshore Racing APPENDIX C – For Inshore Dinghy Racing APPENDIX D – A Guide to ISO and other Standards APPENDIX E – World Sailing Code for the Organisation of Oceanic Races APPENDIX F – Standard Inspection Card APPENDIX G – Model Training Course APPENDIX H – Model First Aid Training Course APPENDIX J – Hypothermia APPENDIX K – Drogues and Sea Anchors APPENDIX L – Model Keel and Rudder Inspection Procedure APPENDIX M – Optional Wording for Organising Authorities' NoRs or SIs



#### Instructions

- **PERSON IN CHARGE** (see Racing Rules of Sailing 46): please fill in this form, prepare the boat, initial above each underline and sign where indicated.
- **INSPECTORS** mark each inspected item with a checkmark or cross. Note any deficiencies on the *Deficiency Report*. Show the *Deficiency Report* to the *Person in Charge*, then return the report to the *Race Committee* as soon as possible.

Boat			
Sail Number			

#### No of persons on board\_\_\_\_\_

**Disclaimer of Liability** The inspection is carried out as a courtesy. An inspector cannot limit or reduce the complete and unlimited responsibility of the owner and the person in charge.

"I hereby declare that I am the *Person in Charge*, that wherever I initial an item on this checklist it conforms to its associated Offshore Special Regulations (OSR), that I have read and understand the OSRs and in particular 1.02.1 and 1.02.2

Signed\_\_\_

Date

Printed Name

**Precedence:** The checklist below is in point form. In all cases the full text in the Offshore Special Regulations takes precedence.

#### Inspector only7

Person in Charge initials here↓

	Lay out on Chart Table or Other Surface	
<u>4.11.2</u>	Charts, plotting equipment. Alternative if all electronic	
<u>6.04</u>	Proof that crew-overboard recovery has been practiced within past year	
6.04	Proof that abandonment of vessel has been practiced within past year	
<u>6.05.3</u>	2 crewmembers familiar with 1st Aid, CPR & communication systems	
	Lay out on Bunk(s)	
<u>3.29.2</u>	Watertight hand-held marine VHF transceiver	
<u>3.29.4</u>	2nd radio capable of receiving weather, could be the handheld VHF	
<u>4.08</u>	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit	

## APPENDIX F – INSPECTION CARD

<u>4.09</u>	Foghorn	
<u>4.16.1</u>	Tools, spare parts, method to disconnect/sever standing rigging	
<u>4.23</u>	Flares, 2 orange smoke, LSA III	
<u>5.01</u>	Lifejacket c/w lights, whistle etc., 1 for each crew, marked with name	
<u>5.01.1</u>	Each lifejacket has crotch or thigh straps & harness	
<u>5.01.4</u>	Each lifejacket inspected by the person in charge within past 12 months	
	Below Deck Inspection	
<u>3.06</u>	2 exits, at least 1 forward of the foremost mast	
<u>3.08.3</u>	Portlights that open inward labelled "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"	
<u>3.10</u>	Sea cocks or valves on through-hull openings below waterline	
<u>3.12</u>	Heel of keel-stepped mast is securely fastened to structure	
<u>3.18.2</u>	Toilet, permanently installed, or fitted bucket	
<u>3.19.1</u>	Bunks, permanently installed	
<u>3.22</u>	Hand holds below deck	
<u>3.27.4</u>	Spare bulbs for navigation lights (not required for LED)	
<u>3.28.4</u>	Batteries are of sealed type	
<u>4.03</u>	Tapered soft wood plug at each through-hull opening	
<u>4.05.1</u>	Fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device	
<u>4.05.3</u>	2 fire extinguishers in different parts of the boat	
<u>4.12</u>	Safety equipment location chart	
	At Helm or Ready for Rapid Deployment	
<u>4.22.3</u>	Lifebuoy with self-igniting light, whistle and drogue	
<u>4.22.4</u>	Heaving line, pref. 'Throwing sock' type, 6mm (1/4") 15–25m (50–75')	
<u>4.25</u>	Strong, sharp knife, sheathed and securely restrained	
	On Deck, Where Stowed or Ready for Deployment	
<u>3.08.4</u>	Hatch blocking devices (panels) attached and can be secured in place	
<u>4.06.2</u>	Anchor, readily accessible	
	Rigged/Fitted to Demonstrate Use	
<u>3.27.1</u>	Navigation lights, above sheerline and not obscured when sailing	

<u>4.10.1</u>	Radar reflector, 30 cm (12") dia. octahedral or minimum RCS of 2 m <sup>2</sup>	[	
<u>4.26.1</u>	Reefing to reduce mainsail luff by 12.5% or a heavy weather jib	[	
<u>4.27.1</u>	Sheeting positions for each heavy/storm sail	[	
	General		
<u>2.04</u>	All equipment is readily available, adequately sized, in date and functions	[	
<u>2.04.2</u>	Heavy items are permanently installed or securely fastened	[	
<u>3.02</u>	Boat is strongly built, seaworthy and watertight	[	
<u>3.08.1</u>	Forward hatches open outward only	[	
<u>3.08.2</u>	Hatches are attached, above water at 90° heel & operable if capsized	[	
<u>3.08.5</u>	Companionway sill is above local sheerline, or acceptable alternative	[	
<u>3.09</u>	Cockpit is strong, watertight and meets OSR size and drainage	[	
<u>3.14</u>	Double lifelines & pulpits, surround entire deck, 600 mm (24") high	[	
<u>3.23.1</u>	2 strong buckets, each with lanyard and 9 L (2.4 US Gal) capacity	[	
3.23.1	Manual bilge pump	[	
<u>3.23.2</u>	Permanently installed manual bilge pump operable with all hatches closed	[	
<u>3.24</u>	Magnetic compass, unpowered, with deviation chart	[	
<u>3.25</u>	2 halyards per mast, each capable of hoisting a sail	[	
<u>4.01.1</u>	Sail letters and numbers meeting RRS 77 & RRS G	[	
<u>4.13.2</u>	Depth sounder	[	
<u>4.17</u>	Boat's name on buoyant equipment	[	
<u>4.18</u>	Marine grade retro-reflective material on buoyant equipment	[	